INTERPRET:

"What is the city but the people?"

- William Shakespeare



with Mr. Willis

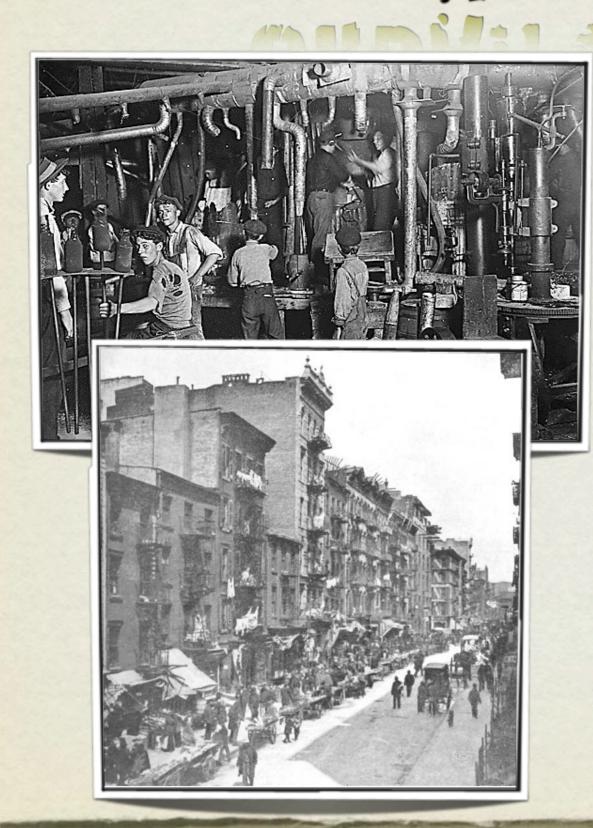
UNIT 2 - DAY 8

urbanization

FIRST THING'S FIRST ...

WHY THE CITY!

URBAN OPPORTUNITIES



ABUNDANCE OF JOBS

Industrialization and factories created

MILLIONS OF LOW-SKILL Jobs

UNEDUCATED POOR COULD EASILY FIND WORK FOR A LIVABLE WAGE

CHEAP HOUSING

As cities grew, apartments and tenements

were built to accommodate citizens

RENTS WERE CHEAP, ROOMS WERE ABUNDANT,

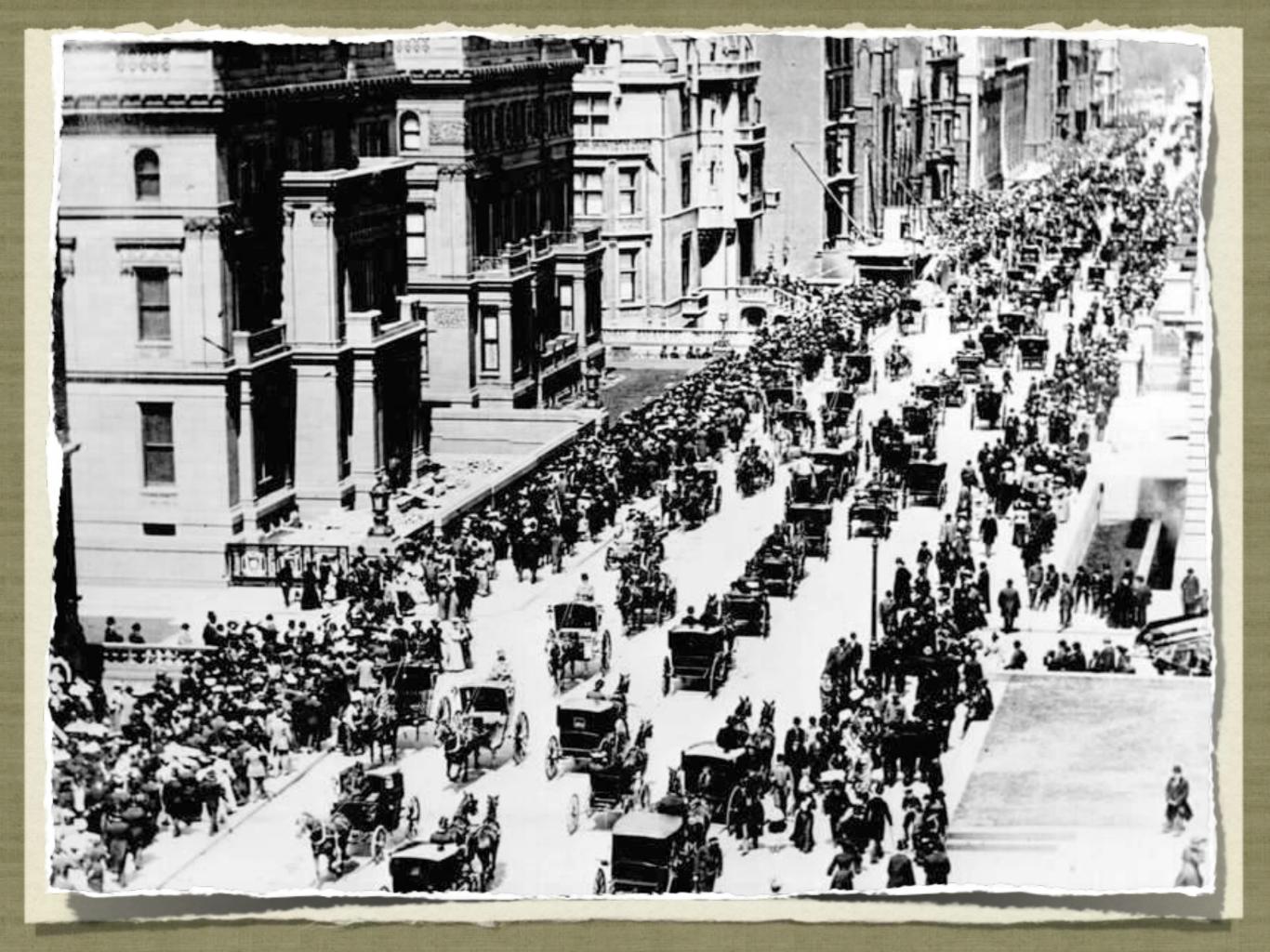
BUT LIVING SPACE WAS CRAMPED

STARTING OVER

Cities provided families a chance to begin

again, find new work, make a new Living





IMMIGRANT'S IN THE CITY



Cities offered several benefits for newly arrived immigrants searching for a start

CHEAPEST, MOST CONVENIENT LIVING PLACE

STEADY JOBS FOR UNSKILLED LABOR

SOCIAL SUPPORT FOR IMMIGRANT FAMILIES

THROUGH SOCIAL GOSPEL PROGRAMS

LIVING CLOSE TO AMERICAN ARTS AND CULTURE

Immigrants tended to cluster into ethnic communities in the heart of American cities

IMMIGRANTS WOULD SPEAK THEIR NATIVE

LANGUAGES, PRACTICE RELIGIONS AND CUSTOMS

PROVIDED AN ESCAPE FROM CULTURE SHOCK AND

NATIVIST PERSECUTION



AS CITY POPULATIONS SWELLED, PRESSURE ON IMMIGRANTS BECAME INTENSE

Overcrowding and urban problems were blamed on immigrants



Immigrants were persecuted and accused of stealing jobs



some nativists resisted ethnic communities with violence



WHICH LEADS TO ...

AMERICANIZATION MOVEMENT

Educational program offered to Immigrants to help Case them Into society

HELPED **ASSIMILATE** IMMIGRANTS BY

TEACHING IMMIGRANTS TO READ AND WRITE ENGLISH

TEACHING IMMIGRANTS US HISTORY AND CIVICS/GOV.

TEACHING IMMIGRANTS AMERICAN ETIQUETTE

FARMS TO THE CITY



Industrialization & innovations in farming

spread guickly throughout the country

PLOWS, REAPERS, POWERED TOOLS CUT THE
NEED FOR HIRED HANDS ON FARMS/ PLANTATIONS

W/O WORK, FORMER LOW-SKILL FIELD HANDS
MOVED TO NORTHERN CITIES FOR FACTORY JOBS

Most who migrated North to find work

were Southern blacks

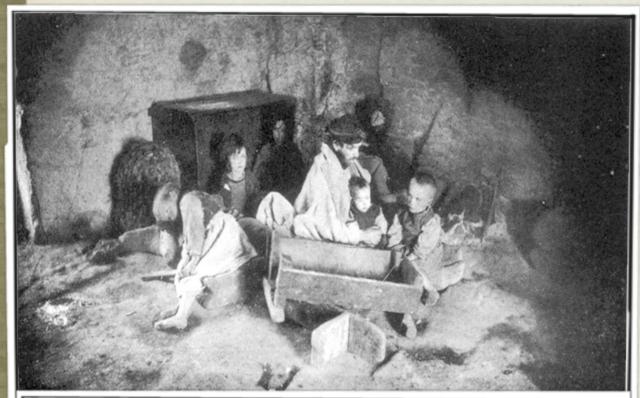
HIT ESPECIALLY HARD B/C POOR WHITES WOULD BE FIRST HIRED ON SOUTHERN FARMS

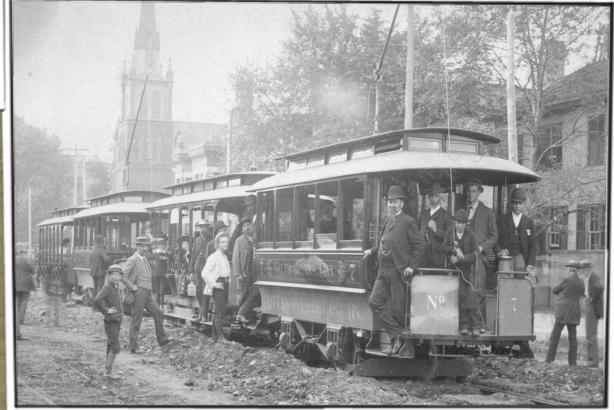
TRYING TO ESCAPE RACIAL PREJUDICE, ECONOMIC HARDSHIP, POLITICAL OPPRESSION IN SOUTH

GREAT. BUT THAT BRINGS ABOUT...

URBAN PROBLEMS

URBAN PROBLEMS





As city populations swelled, so did the problems that overcrowding presented!

HOUSING

Most urban families rented single rooms in boardinghouses and row houses

POOR VENTILATION, SANITATION, LIGHTING, AND WASTE DISPOSAL LEADS TO VERMIN, DISEASE, STENCH

TRANSPORTATION

As populations boom, inadequate mass

transit leads to congestion and delays it's difficult to repair old systems & Build NEW ONES, SO TRANSIT BECOMES DANGEROUS



UNBAN PROBLEMS

WATER

Cities Lacked adequate H2O Mains, Indoor

plumbing. & piped drinking water

COULDN'T BATHE OR SANITIZE VS. DISEASE

NO RUNNING WATER FOR WASTE DISPOSAL & DRINKING WATER WAS FULL OF BACTERIA

SANITATION

More people means more trash & waste

HORSE & HUMAN WASTE FLOWED IN THE GUTTERS
AND STREETS, POISONOUS SMOKE FILLED THE AIR
SANITATION COMMISSIONS WERE DEVELOPED FOR
TRASH CLEANUP AND SEWER LINE CONSTRUCTION

URBAN PROBLEMS





CRIME

Overcrowding, haive immigrants, and inadequate police force were issues pickpockets, thieves, commen thrived Constricked non-English speaking immigrants out of possessions, money

FIRE/NATURAL DISASTER

City conditions were bred for disasters

HOUSES, BUILDING WERE TIGHTLY PACKED, MADE OF FLAMMABLE MATERIALS & LIT BY OIL LAMPS FIREFIGHTERS WERE VOLUNTEERS W/O PROPER TRAINING AND INADEQUATE WATER SUPPLY









City Hall Tower before and after the Quake.

SAN FRANCISCO QUAKE

APRIL 18, 1906



AS URBAN PROBLEMS GOT WORSE, THERE WAS AN URGE FOR REFORM TO FIX THE ISSUES

new sewer lines and water systems enhanced city sanitation



Police and fire departments Trained to expand their influence



some groups sought to help the poor and hungry through charity



WHICH LEADS TO ...

THE SOCIAL GOSPEL MOVEMENT

A SOCIAL REFORM MOVEMENT that sought to secure social justice and BCTTCR LIVES for the poor through CharITY

STROUE TO IMPROVE SOCIETY BY

WEAVING CHARITY AND GOOD WILL W/ CHRISTIAN MORALS

FORMING CHARITIES TO FEED THE HUNGRY

BUILDING TENEMENTS TO HOUSE THE HOMELESS

COUNTERACTING SOCIAL DARWINISM W/ THE BIBLE